

Corporate Bond Market Essentials: Part 1

From Crisis to Reform: A New Era Demands Sharper Vigilance from Bond Investors

Vietnam's corporate bond market is undergoing reform, but risks remain elevated. The recent default wave exposed deep structural flaws—mispricing, weak disclosure, and misuse of bond proceeds. Regulations are evolving, but investors cannot afford to let their guard down. Navigating Vietnam's evolving bond market will demand sharp vigilance, rigorous credit risk assessment, and broader use of credit ratings to unlock long-term value.

Corporate bonds carry meaningful risks that demand investor scrutiny.

While they offer more stable valuations and recurring income than equities, they are far from risk-free. Higher yields reflect higher risk—particularly the potential for missed coupon payments or principal losses.

Vietnam's bond market illustrates this clearly: nearly 15% of outstanding bonds defaulted in late 2022 and 2023 (Exhibit 1). Our analysis of 182 defaulted issuers shows weak cash flow and poor liquidity management are the primary drivers of bond defaults (Exhibit 2). Recovery rates remain below 40%, with many investors losing over half of their principal - excluding unpaid interest and opportunity costs.

Bond structures vary in complexity and require rigorous due diligence. For example, secured bonds may appear safer, but recovery hinges on enforceability and asset value. Investors must evaluate each bond's structure, terms, and risk mitigants—such as collateral quality or guarantees—and align them with their risk appetite and investment goals.

Regulatory reforms are improving transparency and investor safeguards – but investor vigilance remains essential.

The 2022-2023 wave of bond defaults exposed deep-rooted issues – limited information disclosure by bond issuers, issuer misuse of bond proceeds, inadequate risk assessment by investors, etc. – despite a regulation-heavy framework.

Recent reforms aim to close these gaps by tightening issuance standards, boosting market discipline, and mandating greater accountability by issuers and intermediaries. For example, bondholder representatives will now have to play a more active role to monitor issuer conduct and enforce bond terms on behalf of bondholders.

Nonetheless, investors should not assume that regulatory changes alone will eliminate risk. Enforcement mechanisms may take time to catch up, and bad actors can still exploit gaps in oversight. As such, it is essential for investors to conduct thorough due diligence, remain vigilant, and not rely solely on regulatory protections when assessing investment opportunities in Vietnam's corporate bond market.

Persistent mispricing in Vietnam's corporate bond market remains a critical concern. Investors are often not adequately compensated for the risks they bear, largely due to limited access to reliable pricing tools and mechanisms. Credit ratings—essential for assessing risk in the region (Exhibit 3) —are not widely used in Vietnam and are rarely factored into bond pricing. This gap has led to distorted risk-reward dynamics. From 2020 to 2022, high-risk issuers, including opaque special-purpose entities, issued bonds at yields comparable to those of financially sound corporations. Many of these bonds later defaulted, resulting in significant investor losses.

Wider use of credit ratings is critical to improving bond pricing and market resilience. Ratings enable investors to assess credit risk, compare deals, and demand appropriate returns. For instance, subordinated bank bonds—lower in repayment priority—can be more accurately priced with a rating. Beyond pricing, ratings drive issuer discipline, improve transparency, and communicate risk more clearly to investors. Broader adoption can expand the investor base, boost confidence, and reduce funding costs. Addressing this gap is essential to support Vietnam's evolving capital market.

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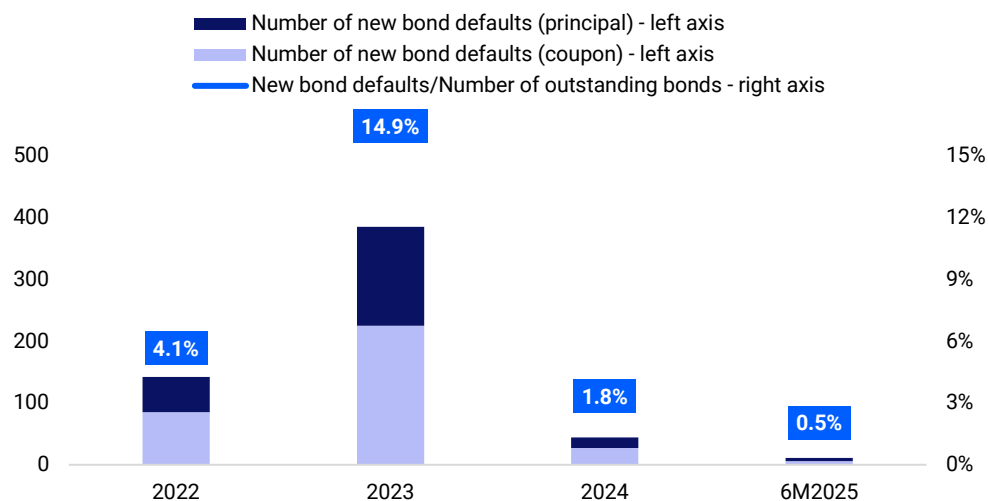
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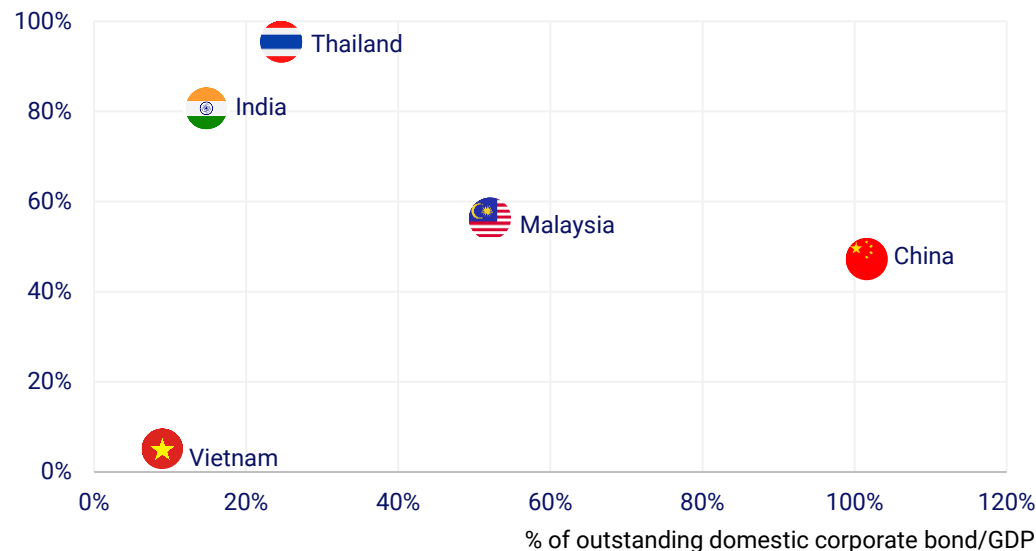
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Exhibit 1: Number of new bond defaults and default rate each year

Source: Hanoi Stock Exchange (HNX), VIS Rating

Exhibit 3: Vietnam's corporate bond market lags behind regional peers in terms of credit rating coverage

% of local currency corporate bonds rated



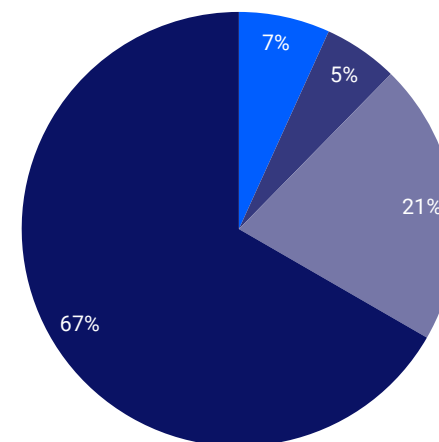
Note: Data as of the end of 2024 or the latest available

Source: ThaiBMA, Asianbondsonline, India BondInfo, VIS Rating

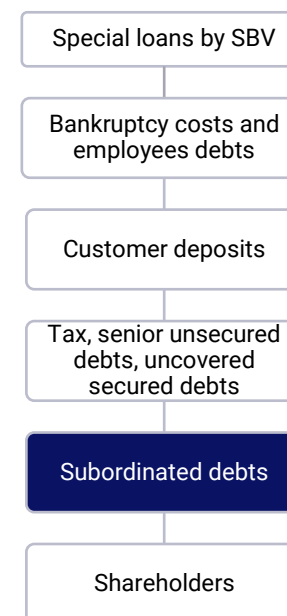
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Exhibit 2: Nearly 90% of the defaulters had weak cash flows to cover coupon payments or insufficient liquidity to meet substantial principal maturities

Legal violation Stalled projects Weak cash flow Poor liquidity



Source: Company data, VIS Rating

Exhibit 4: Subordinated bondholders rank below all senior creditors in the creditor hierarchy during liquidation

Source: Bankruptcy Law, Circular 41/2016/TT-NHNN, VIS Rating

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